

# Lactobacillus plantarum

Multiporator/ Eppendorf Eporator®

## Transformation Protocol

Protocol No. 4308 915 546-02-2012

<b>Microorganism</b>	<i>Lactobacillus plantarum</i> CECT 220
<b>Cell type</b>	Bacteria, gram positive
<b>Molecules injected</b>	Plasmid DNA pRS4C1, 7.8 kb
<b>Growth medium</b>	MRS medium (0.4 M sucrose, 1 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> , 5 mM Kh <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> ; pH 6, Biolife)
<b>Washing solution I</b>	10 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>
<b>Washing solution II</b>	1:1 sucrose (0.5 M) and glycerol (10 % w/v)
<b>Outgrowth medium</b>	MRS medium with chloramphenicol (7.5 µg/mL) agar plates
<b>Cuvette</b>	1 mm gap width
<b>Reference</b>	M. Teresa Alegre, M. Carmen Rodriguez, Juan M. Mesas. 2004. FEMS Microbiology Letters 241. 73-77

### Making electrocompetent cells:

1. Dilute 10 mL of an overnight culture of *L. plantarum* into fresh media (1:10) MRS. Grow at 30 °C for approx. 3-4 h with shaking until reaching an O.D.<sub>600</sub> of 0.85.
2. Pellet cells by centrifugation (4 °C), wash twice with 10 mL chilled MgCl<sub>2</sub> (10 mM) and once with 10 mL of a chilled solution of sucrose (0.5 M) and glycerol (10 % w/v).
3. Resuspend in 2-3 mL of the same solution and store until use in an ice bath, but no longer than 4 h. The electrocompetence of frozen cells decreases in 1-2 logs.

### Electroporation of cells:

1. Add 100 ng plasmid DNA diluted in 5 µL TE buffer to 50 µL (3x10<sup>8</sup>) freshly prepared competent cells. Homogenize by gently mixing with pipette several times. Transfer mixture into a pre-chilled cuvette.
2. Wipe moisture from the cuvette and insert the cuvette into the device.
3. Electroporation:

Voltage (V)	1,300 V
Time constant (t)	5 ms
4. Immediately add 1 mL of pre-warmed MRS medium and incubate at 30 °C for 3 h with shaking.
5. Plate on selective MRS agar plates and incubate at 30 °C for 48 h.

### Expected results:

Transformation efficiency up to 5.8x10<sup>5</sup> +/- 2.2x10<sup>5</sup> transformants/µg of DNA.