

Serratia liquefaciens

Multiporator/Eppendorf Eporator®

Transformation Protocol

Protocol No. 4308915.550

Microorganism	<i>Serratia liquefaciens</i>
Cell type	Bacteria, gram negative
Molecules injected	Plasmid DNA pDsRed
Growth medium	LB medium
Washing solution	10% glycerol
Electroporation solution	10% glycerol
Outgrowth medium	LB medium with antibiotics agar plates
Cuvette	1 mm gap width
Reference	Lilian Pilares and Jose Ramos Vivas, IFIMAV, Santander, Spain.

Making electrocompetent cells:

1. Dilute an overnight culture of *S. liquefaciens* in LB, into fresh media (1:100). Grow at 37 °C with shaking until reaching an O.D.₆₀₀ of 0.5.
2. Chill cells on ice for 10 minutes and transfer to a pre-chilled centrifuge tubes to harvest cells. Wash three times with cold sterile 10% glycerol. The first time in 25 ml, the second time in 12,5 ml, the third and fourth times in 2 ml.
3. Resuspend in 10% glycerol at a concentration of approx. 10⁹ cells/ml and store at -70 °C until needed.

Electroporation of cells:

1. Add 1 µg plasmid DNA to 50 µl (~10⁹) of electro competent cells. Homogenize by gently mixing with pipette several times. Transfer mixture into a pre-chilled cuvette (-20°C).
2. Wipe moisture from the cuvette and insert the cuvette into the device.
3. Electroporation:

Voltage (V)	1,800 V
Time constant (t)	5ms
4. Immediately add 1 ml of pre-warmed LB medium and incubate at 37°C for 1 hour with strong shaking.
5. Plate on selective agar plates (ampicillin) and incubate at 37°C for 24 h.

Expected results:

Transformation efficiency from 10⁵ to 5×10⁷ transformants/µg of DNA (strain-dependent differences).